# Introduction to University of Delaware Teacher Candidate Capstone Clinical Experience Evaluation and Rubric

Thank you for serving as a clinical educator mentoring a University of Delaware teacher candidate. Both University-based and site-based clinical educators play a fundamental role in preparing teacher candidates to become independent teachers. As a clinical educator responsible for providing field instruction to candidates, your role includes assessing teacher candidate performance. To facilitate this process, the University of Delaware has developed the Teacher Candidate Capstone Clinical Experience Evaluation and Rubric (Capstone Evaluation Rubric) and this accompanying handbook.

Some of the most important reasons for this new document include:

- better alignment to national teacher performance standards (inTasc, edTPA)
- to address accreditation requirements (CAEP)
- to identify specific behaviors that can be assessed through observation of practice, pre and post lesson debriefing sessions, and exploration of teacher candidate work samples (i.e. lesson plans)

We are grateful for your commitment to the preparation of future teachers. In addition to this handbook, we are developing a series of online modules to provide you with additional support. Our hope is to help you gain confidence in your role as a teacher educator who is simultaneously tasked with providing both field instruction and evaluative feedback. We welcome your comments and reflections about the evaluation process as we continually refine our support for clinical educators.

Sincerely,

The UD Mentor and Assessment Task Force

| Sue Gleason          | Carol Phipps     |
|----------------------|------------------|
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#### This handbook provides:

- 1. Guidance as to the use of the rubric scale.
- 2. An overview of the five focus areas in the rubric; planning, learning environment, instruction, assessment, and professionalism. This section includes a list of things that you might observe in order to validate your decisions about where a candidate falls on the rubric. Each section also addresses terms specific to the rubric as well as the use of words such as "and, or, etc" which differentiate the behaviors as related to the scale.
- 3. Information on accessing the evaluation form in the University of Delaware Field Experience Portfolio System (FEPS).
- 4. A copy of the University of Delaware Teacher Candidate Capstone Clinical Experience Evaluation and Rubric.

#### Section I: Rubric and Scoring Scale

The aim of this section is to orient you to the purpose, rationale, and intended use of the rubric and scoring scale.

#### What is the purpose of the scale?

To communicate to the candidate and other stakeholders about whether or not the candidate has displayed the necessary competencies, which serve as reasonable evidence that the candidate is ready for independent practice.

| Score               | Level of<br>Independence                  | What does it mean?   |
|---------------------|---|--|
| 1 – Not<br>Apparent | Not ready for<br>independent practice     | In general the teacher candidate scoring at this level<br>relies on the clinical educator for support, is not self-<br>directed and does not take initiative.  |
| 2 - Emerging        | Not yet ready for<br>independent practice | The candidate scoring at this level needs ongoing<br>support from the clinical educator in some areas<br>and/or minimal support in others.   |
| 3 - Proficient      | Ready for<br>independent practice         | The candidate scoring at this level needs no support<br>from the clinical educator to address the assessed<br>competency. They are ready for their own<br>classroom. This is the expected target for the end of<br>a placement.  |
| 4 - Exemplary       | Proficient Plus                           | The candidate scoring at this level needs no support<br>from the clinical educator across all domains.<br>Evaluators should pay special attention to the words<br>that are <b>bolded</b> in the rubric particularly the use of<br>the word " <b>and</b> ". In general to be ranked at a level 4<br>is here is evidence to show that the teacher candidate<br>is exceptional at understanding and addressing the<br>individual needs of learners. |

#### Table 1.1 - What do each of the Rubric Scores Mean?

#### What is the purpose of the Rubric?

- The rubric provides descriptors of competencies that need to be met, tied to each rating of performance.

- The rubric was also designed to help raters avoid falling prey to the "halo effect". Halo effects occur when raters use a holistic judgement based on a personal perspective of the candidate.

## Examples of the Halo Effect:

- Example #1- A candidate is viewed as a "hard worker and is dedicated" this perception is used by the rater when scoring each indicator unintentionally inflating scores across the tool.
- Example #2- The indicator states that the candidate can accurately represent important content concepts the evaluator perceives the candidate as intelligent so they erroneously judge that the candidate is *capable* of performing this behavior but does not actually have any evidence to support this assumption.

#### Where does my evidence come from?

The summative evaluation tool is a **summary judgement** about the candidates' performance across the **entire** student teaching experience/practicum. Data and evidence for the rater's scores should come from observation notes, lesson debriefing sessions, ongoing evaluation of lesson plans and work samples, self-evaluations, and clinical educator's evaluations. The following section will provide guidance related to things you might "look for" to validate your scoring with each of the domains.

Some other helpful reminders for raters:

- You are scoring candidate's independent practice
- You are making decisions about being ready for independent practice not discriminating for excellence
- It is very difficult to earn a 4 for any given indicator 3 is target/proficient

#### **Section II: Rubric Domains**

This is a summative assessment reflecting a broad lens over the course of entire practice during a student teaching placement. This section focuses on each domain providing:

- a summary of what the domain addresses,
- suggestions of what evidence you might have in your notes from planning conferences and observations of the teacher candidate's teaching,
- and, explanations for terms used in the rubric within that domain.

Throughout the document students are referred to as "**learners**". This term appropriately covers the range of classrooms that UD teacher candidates participate in for the capstone clinical experiences which varies from placements with infants and toddlers to placements with adolescents.

## 1. The Planning Domain

Planning focuses on how teacher candidates effectively combine their understanding of individual learners, curriculum, standards and learning goals, and content in order to develop and execute instructional planning that aligns with common threads within the appropriate scope and sequence

for the setting. Teacher candidates are expected to design measurable and age-appropriate objectives that align with carefully selected national or state standards across multiple curricular areas and accurately represent that specific content. Proficient planning in this manner clearly considers the unique and diverse needs that are represented in the group at large and will prepare all learners to meet short and long term learning goals.

#### Planning Domain "Look Fors":

Evidence for this domain will come primarily from lesson planning, pre and post observation conferences. In general for teacher candidates scoring a 3, you should have observed or be able to point to evidence in your notes that the teacher candidate:

- Sequences learning tasks in a learning progression across lessons.
- Offers concrete, specific connections between the learning tasks and prior learning (academic, lived experiences, etc)
- Explains how the content of lessons fits with the larger goals of learning in the discipline.
- Provides explanations of why and how the goals are differentiated for groups or individual learners.
- Plans instructional supports that scaffold learning for a variety of learners (e.g., English learners, struggling readers, underperforming, or gifted students.
- Grounds instructional planning in theory or research.
- Plans for differentiated assessments so students show understandings in various ways.

## Terms Related To Planning Domain:

- Item P2 Measurable Objectives may be in the form of an essential question.
- Item P4 **Specific Individual Learner's Needs** includes behavior, social and emotional needs as well as those officially identified through an IFSP, IEP, 504 plan, or specific classification such as ESL or gifted and talented. (ie. it includes any specific needs).
- Item P5 **Developmental Domains** include cognitive, fine and gross motor skills, language (expressive and receptive), social/emotional and adaptive domains.
- Item P6 **Justification** is providing a written or oral rationale for decisions based on students' needs, prior learning, or building background for future learning, the scope and sequence of the curriculum, and/or evidence-based research.

## 2. The Learning Environment Domain

This domain focuses on the quality of the human interactions and communication within the setting between adults and learners, as well as between learners. Teacher candidates are expected to develop respectful rapport with all learners and work purposefully to instill a sense of community among the group by communicating clear and appropriate expectations for high quality work as well as behavior.

#### Learning Environment Domain "Look Fors":

Evidence for this domain will come primarily from informal and formal observations of the teacher candidate both in and out of the classroom. In general for teacher candidates scoring a 3, you should have observed or be able to point to evidence in your notes that the teacher candidate:

- Establishes a positive rapport with all learners.
- Considers the physical environment needed to safely support lesson goals.
- Establishes clear guidelines and routines when teaching.
- Establishes an environment where the learners treat each other fairly.
- Works to help each learner feel equally valued in the classroom.
- Responds appropriately to stereotype-based, demeaning, or other unfair comments by learners.
- Considers the learners' backgrounds, experiences, and developmental level when establishing rapport.
- Encourages interactions among learners (e.g., students respond to and build on peer comments)
- Demonstrates empathy and concern towards learners.
- Responds to inappropriate behavior consistently and appropriately.

## Terms related to Learning Environment:

- Item L2 **Specific Language** is the use of purposeful and intentional language related to an outcome, learning task, behavior, or circumstance.
- Item L4 Logical Consequences are consequences that happen as a result of a learner's action. They are usually determined by the teacher or the teacher and the learner. Logical consequences should be reasonable and related to the problem. They are not considered punishment; rather a way to guide learner's to make good choices. Perhaps you could give an example or two?

## 3. The Instruction Domain

This focuses on the actions involved in teaching content that had previously been carefully and intentionally planned. Teacher candidates are expected to be able to use their knowledge of their planning process (individual learning needs and goals, understanding of content, curriculum, standards, assessments and objectives) in order to deliver instruction in a manner that is directly related to their learners' responses. Proficient instruction will utilize various instructional strategies and methods that provide accurate feedback and engage learners in problem-solving, asking questions and discovering answers, and that allow learners to demonstrate their understanding in more than one way.

## Instructional Domain "Look Fors":

Evidence for this domain will come primarily from informal and formal observations of the teacher candidate in the classroom as well as lesson debriefings. In general for teacher candidates scoring a 3, you should have observed or be able to point to evidence in your notes that the teacher candidate:

- Engages learners with the content (e.g. pacing, meaningful activities for all learners)
- Connects previous instruction/learning to new content.
- Communicates clearly and accurately.
- Uses district specific strategies appropriately.
- Focuses on subject-specific understandings.
- Asks higher order questions, using words such as "critique, analyze, create, prove, cite, compare, construct, conclude, etc. Asks questions that build on student thinking about the content or strategy being taught.
- Recognizes and provides opportunities to help learners extend their thinking.
- Recognizes and provides opportunities to encourage learners to solve problems (e.g., learning problems, social problems)
- Reflects during debriefing about how they adjusted instruction while teaching lessons to address gaps in small group or whole class learning/understanding (e.g., modified tasks, adapting materials and activities)

#### Terms related to Learning Environment:

- Item I6 **Problems** can include a variety of issues and challenges (e.g. writers solve problems as they write, learners encounter problems while reading (unknown word) and use strategies learned to solve them, classroom communities solve social problems)
- Item 18 Academic Language represents the language of the discipline that learners need to learn and use to participate and engage in meaningful ways in the content area. The language demands of a content include vocabulary, language functions, syntax, and discourse.

#### 4. The Assessment Domain

The assessment domain focuses on the teacher candidate's ability to appropriately monitor learning, provide accurate and prompt feedback, and utilize a variety of formative and summative assessments in order to inform instruction. Teacher candidates are also expected to work as a member of a professional team to gather and interpret data as well as communicate results and procedures effectively and respectfully with appropriate parties, including families. Teacher candidates with a high sense of efficacy will view learners' difficulties as challenges to their own creativity actively searching for techniques to help learners who are struggling. Proficiency in this domain will include an ability to weave assessment information through planning and into formal and informal instruction, as well as a comprehensive understanding of the purpose of ethical assessment and evaluation.

#### Assessment Domain "Look Fors":

Evidence for this domain will come primarily from informal and formal observations of the teacher candidate during teaching, conferencing with learners, and in post-observation conferences. In

general for teacher candidates scoring a 3, you should have observed or be able to point to evidence in your notes that the teacher candidate:

- Provides specific feedback to learners related to the objectives during the lesson.
- Can identify areas where the whole class both excelled and struggled.
- Identifies learning trends related to smaller group understandings/misunderstandings.
- Can provide specific examples of learners understanding and struggles with learning.
- Considers ways for students to self-evaluate (e.g. rubrics)
- Gives specific ways that students can apply feedback to improve learning (e.g., remember the strategy we used for, use the questions we just developed...)
- Identifies next steps for instruction for the whole class or groups of learners.
- Seeks input from other professionals who can assist them in evaluate and use assessment data to improve instruction.
- Offers specific ways to help groups of learners or individuals who are not meeting learning goals.

#### Terms Related To The Assessment Domain:

 Item A6 - Respectful, ethical and responsive ways to use assessment information means that the teacher candidate understands that individual assessment data is confidential for use in addressing individual learner's needs. Assessment data is shared only with other school professional for the purpose of improving instruction for a learner. Teacher candidates should be responsive to the input of others who interact with a learner (ie. parents, guardians, specials teachers, speech therapists, etc. Finally, teacher candidates should ensure that assessments used are non-biased, culturally sensitive, and differentiated according to learners' needs.

#### 5. The Professionalism Domain

This domain focuses on the qualities a teacher candidate must possess in order to demonstrate ethical, responsible, and mature commitment to their roles as teachers. Teacher candidates are expected to exhibit a positive attitude about individual learners and the field as well as take initiative in their own learning process and growth towards their goals. Expectations also include respect for families, learners, and other professionals while working collaboratively and communicating ideas, concerns, and needs. Teacher candidates should represent themselves as professionals in the manner of their dress, written and oral communication, as well as their reflective practice. Proficiency in this domain will be achieved when teacher candidates demonstrate such professionalism with consistency.

Many of the professionalism competencies map back to the planning, environment, instruction and assessment domains. Please refer to these domains for evidence of these specific areas of professionalism.

- PR Item 2 maps to Instruction and Assessment Domains.
- PR Item 3 maps to the Assessment Domain.
- PR Item 4 maps to the Planning and Instruction Domains.
- PR Item 5 maps to the Planning and Assessment Domains.
- PR Item 7 maps to the Assessment Domain.

#### Section III: Accessing the Capstone Summative Clinical Evaluation in FEPS

- 1) Go to the Clinical Studies Home Page, <a href="http://www.ocs.udel.edu/">http://www.ocs.udel.edu/</a>
- 2) Find the section titled 'Clinical Educators, Field Instructor, Faculty' on the right side of the page
- 3) Select the appropriate link (Clinical educator or Field Instructor).
- 4) Log in using your school email address.
- 5) If this is your first time using FEPS, the default password is "evaluate". Once you log in, please change the default password to a personal password.
- 6) You will then be taken your Clinical Educator or Field Instructor page that has three bullets.
  - a. Update your personal information--needs to be updated with each new student.
  - b. Set up your direct deposit information electronically--<u>Request for Taxpayer</u> <u>Identification</u>. Procurement will not process your stipend unless this has been completed.
  - *c.* Evaluate teacher candidates-- Please complete all items including the summary and closing statements within the evaluation.
  - *d.* <u>The evaluation, survey and direct deposit must be completed in order to receive your</u> <u>honorarium</u>.
- 7) You will then be taken to a page that lists your current teacher candidates(s). Select the name of the teacher candidate you are evaluating.
- 8) If you have any questions or trouble logging in, please call Kim Cavallio at 831-6778 or send an email to: cavallio@udel.edu.

Online Evaluations--Important Notes:

- Please complete all items for each Teacher Candidate Capstone Summative Clinical Evaluation domain including comments within the online evaluation.
- To prevent any loss of data, you may want to download a copy and save as a word document.
- Be advised, you may work on your document without submitting by using the "save as" button. When you have finished all the elements within each domain and the summary/closing statements, click the 'Submit' button
- Please know that you cannot make changes to your evaluation after it's been submitted.

# University of Delaware Teacher Candidate Capstone Clinical Experience Evaluation

| Teacher Candidate:              | Semester:                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Evaluator:                      | Evaluation Date:           |
| UD Supervisor/Field Instructor: | Clinical Educator:         |
| School:                         | District:                  |
| Length of Placement (Weeks):    | Teaching Area/Grade Level: |
| Number of classes:              | Total Number of Students:  |

#### CLASS PROFILE

| Female:  | Male:  |
|--|--|
| American Indian/Alaskan Aleut:   | Asian:   |
| Black/African American:  | Hispanic:  |
| Multi-Racial:  | Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander:                                  |
| White/Caucasian:   | Other:   |
| Students with active IEPs/504s:  | English Language Learners:   |
| Students who qualify for free/reduced lun                                    | ch (only provide if access to information is granted):             |
| Provide any additional information that is in special education placements). | relevant to this profile (e.g., categories of student disabilities |

# PLANNING

| As an effective  | Not apparent  | Emerging   | Proficient  | Exemplary   | Rating |
|--|---|--|---|---|--------|
| educator, the  | (Not ready for  | (Not yet ready for   | (Ready for  | (Proficient Plus)   | _      |
| teacher candidate:   | independent   | independent  | independent   |   |        |
|  | practice)   | practice)  | practice)   | 4   |        |
|  | 1   | 2  | 3   |   |        |
| P1. Selects<br>appropriate<br>national or state<br>standards | Candidate does not<br>select national <b>or</b><br>state standards or<br>those selected are<br>inappropriate. | Candidate selects<br>national or state<br>standards, but some<br>of the selected<br>standards are<br>inappropriate (e.g.,<br>age inappropriate,<br>incompatible with<br>the lesson). | Candidate selects<br>appropriate<br>national or state<br>standards <b>and</b> ,<br>when appropriate,<br>makes cross-<br>curricular standard<br>connections. | Candidate selects<br>appropriate<br>national or state<br>standards and,<br>when appropriate,<br>makes cross-<br>curricular standard<br>connections <b>and</b><br>justifies why the<br>selected standards<br>are appropriate for |        |

|     |   |   | [  |  |   |
|-----|---|---|--|--|---|
|     |   |   |  |  | the learners and the lesson.  |
| P2. | Writes objectives<br>with measurable<br>outcomes that<br>indicate what<br>learners will<br>know and be able<br>to do  | Candidate does not<br>write objectives <b>or</b><br>writes objectives<br>that are not<br>measureable.   | Candidate writes<br>objectives that are<br>measurable, but not<br>focused on what<br>learners will know<br>and be able to do.  | Candidate writes<br>objectives that are<br>measurable,<br>indicating what the<br>whole group of<br>learners will know<br>and be able to do.  | Candidate writes<br>objectives that are<br>measurable,<br>indicating what<br>learners will know<br>and be able to do,<br><b>and</b> are<br>developmentally<br>appropriate.  |
| РЗ. | Aligns<br>objectives,<br>instruction, and<br>assessments  | Lesson objectives,<br>instruction, or<br>assessments are<br>missing.  | Lesson objectives,<br>instruction, and<br>assessments are<br>present, but lack<br>alignment.   | Lesson objectives,<br>instruction, and<br>assessments are<br>appropriately<br>aligned.   |   |
| Р4. | Selects supports<br>(strategies,<br>learning<br>experiences,<br>resources, and<br>materials) to<br>accommodate<br>individual<br>learner's needs<br>and groups of<br>needs   | Candidate does not<br>select supports that<br>accommodate<br>individual's needs<br>or groups of<br>learners with<br>similar needs (i.e.,<br>does not attend to<br>instructional<br>requirements in<br>IEPs, IFSPs, and<br>504 plans). | Candidate selects<br>supports that are<br>tied to the learning<br>objectives with<br>attention to the class<br>as a whole.   | Candidate selects<br>supports that are<br>tied to the learning<br>objectives <b>and</b><br>addresses similar<br>groups' needs.   | Candidate selects<br>supports that are<br>tied to the learning<br>objectives <b>and</b><br>addresses similar<br>groups' needs <b>and</b><br>specific individual's<br>needs.   |
| P5. | Sequences the<br>learning<br>experiences to<br>build on each<br>other to support<br>learners' learning<br>of the essential<br>content, strategy<br>or skill   | The sequence of<br>the learning<br>experiences<br>reflects the<br>candidate's lack of<br>knowledge of<br>learning<br>progressions in the<br>content area or<br>developmental<br>domain.   | The sequence of<br>learning experiences<br>reflects the<br>candidate's partial<br>knowledge of<br>learning<br>progressions in the<br>content area or<br>developmental<br>domain. | The sequence of<br>learning<br>experiences<br>reflects the<br>candidate's<br>accurate and<br>comprehensive<br>knowledge of<br>learning<br>progressions in the<br>content area or<br>developmental<br>domain. | The sequence of<br>learning<br>experiences<br>reflects the<br>candidate's<br>accurate and<br>comprehensive<br>knowledge of<br>learning<br>progressions <b>and</b><br>research in the<br>content area or<br>developmental<br>domain. |
|     | Justifies the<br>selected learning<br>experiences<br>with attention to<br>learners' prior<br>knowledge and<br>background (e.g.,<br>cultural, high<br>needs, family<br>structure, English<br>language<br>learners) | Candidate provides<br>no justification of<br>the connection<br>between the<br>learners' prior<br>knowledge or<br>background.  | Candidate uses<br>evidence of learners'<br>prior knowledge <b>or</b><br>background (when<br>appropriate to the<br>lesson) to justify the<br>choice of learning<br>experiences.   | Candidate uses<br>evidence of<br>learners' prior<br>knowledge <b>and</b><br>background (when<br>appropriate to the<br>lesson) to justify<br>the choice of<br>learning<br>experiences.                        | Candidate uses<br>evidence of<br>learners' prior<br>knowledge and<br>background (when<br>appropriate to the<br>lesson), <b>and</b><br>justifies the choice<br>of learning<br>experiences using<br>principles from<br>research.      |
| P7. | Accurately represents   | Candidate's plans show a lack of  | Candidates' plans<br>show accurate but   | Candidate's plans<br>show accurate and   | Candidate's plans<br>exhibit the  |

| important content<br>concepts | understanding of content. | insufficient details of the content. | sufficiently<br>comprehensive<br>details of the<br>content. | candidate's breadth<br>of knowledge of the<br>concepts <b>and</b><br>understanding of<br>how the concepts<br>are linked. |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| PLANNING SUMMA                | RY STATEMENT              |                                      | 1   |  |
|                               |                           |                                      |   |  |

## LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

| As an effective     | Not apparent          | Emerging                    | Proficient           | Exemplary          | Rating |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------|
| educator, the       | (Not ready for        | (Not yet ready for          | (Ready for           | (Proficient Plus)  |        |
| teacher candidate:  | independent           | independent                 | independent          |                    |        |
|                     | practice)             | practice)                   | practice)            | 4                  |        |
|                     | 1                     | 2                           | 3                    |                    |        |
| L1. Establishes     | Candidate exhibits    | Candidate exhibits          | Candidate exhibits   | Candidate exhibits |        |
| rapport with and    | disrespectful         | respect for most            | respect for all      | respect for all    |        |
| respect for all     | interactions with     | learners and makes          | learners and works   | learners and uses  |        |
| learners            | one, some, or all     | some effort to              | to establish rapport | appropriate        |        |
|                     | learners.             | develop rapport with        | with most learners.  | strategies to      |        |
|                     |                       | the learners, but           |                      | establish rapport  |        |
|                     |                       | does not establish          |                      | with all learners. |        |
|                     |                       | rapport with most           |                      |                    |        |
|                     |                       | learners.                   |                      |                    |        |
| L2. Communicates    | Candidate uses        | Candidate uses              | Candidate uses       | Candidate uses     |        |
| expectations of     | language that         | language that sets          | specific language    | specific language  |        |
| high quality        | communicates          | expectations for high       | that sets clear      | that sets clear    |        |
| work by all         | expectations that     | quality work for            | expectations for     | expectations for   |        |
| learners            | allow for low quality | some learners.              | high quality work    | high quality work  |        |
|                     | work or sets no       |                             | for all learners.    | for all learners,  |        |
|                     | expectations for      |                             |                      | based on learners' |        |
|                     | high-quality work.    |                             |                      | strengths and      |        |
|                     |                       |                             |                      | needs.             |        |
| L3. Establishes and | Candidate does not    | Candidate                   | Candidate            | Candidate          |        |
| teaches clear       | establish and/or      | establishes                 | establishes and      | establishes and    |        |
| guidelines for      | teach guidelines for  | guidelines for              | teaches clear,       | teaches clear,     |        |
| routines and        | routines and          | routines and                | developmentally      | developmentally    |        |
| appropriate         | behaviors.            | expectations for            | appropriate          | appropriate        |        |
| expectations for    |                       | learner behavior, but       | guidelines for       | guidelines for     |        |
| learners'           |                       | they are not clear,         | routines and         | routines and       |        |
| behavior            |                       | developmentally             | expectations for     | expectations for   |        |
|                     |                       | appropriate, <b>or</b> with | learner behavior.    | learner behavior   |        |
|                     |                       | logical                     |                      | with logical       |        |
|                     |                       | consequences.               |                      | consequences.      |        |
| L4. Implements      | Candidate allows      | Candidate                   | Candidate            | Candidate          |        |
| established         | disruptive behavior   | inconsistently              | consistently         | proactively        |        |

| guidelines for     | to interfere with                     | addresses disruptive | addresses           | addresses           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| learners'          | learning.                             | behaviors.           | disruptive behavior | disruptive behavior |
| behavior           | loannig.                              |                      | appropriately with  | appropriately with  |
| oonavior           |                                       |                      | logical             | logical             |
|                    |                                       |                      | consequences.       | consequences.       |
| L5. Engages in and | Candidate provides                    | Candidate provides   | Candidate teaches   | Candidate teaches   |
| teaches learners'  | a learning                            | opportunities for    | learners how to     | learners how to     |
| respectful         | environment that                      | learners to engage   | engage in           | engage in           |
| discourse and      | serves primarily to                   | in discourse and     | respectful          | respectful          |
| turn-taking        | control learner                       | turn-taking.         | discourse and turn- | discourse and turn- |
| -                  | behavior and does                     |                      | taking and provides | taking, and         |
|                    | not include                           |                      | opportunities for   | provides            |
|                    | opportunities for                     |                      | discourse and turn- | opportunities for   |
|                    | turn-taking.                          |                      | taking.             | them to express     |
|                    | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |                      | <b>U</b>            | their varied        |
|                    |                                       |                      |                     | perspectives in     |
|                    |                                       |                      |                     | respectful ways.    |
| LEARNING ENVIRO    | NMENT SUMMARY S                       | TATEMENT             |                     |                     |

#### INSTRUCTION

| As an effective   | Not apparent  | Emerging   | Proficient   | Exemplary   | Rating |
|---|---|--|--|---|--------|
| educator, the   | (Not ready for  | (Not yet ready for   | (Ready for   | (Proficient Plus)   | _      |
| teacher candidate:  | independent<br>practice)<br>1   | independent<br>practice)<br>2  | independent<br>practice)<br>3  | 4   |        |
| I1. Adjusts lessons<br>based on<br>learners'<br>responses | Candidate does not<br>make adjustments<br><b>or</b> the adjustments<br>made are not<br>relevant to the<br>learners'<br>responses. | Candidate's<br>instructional<br>adjustments are<br>related to the<br>learners' responses,<br>but are ineffective.                            | Candidate's<br>instructional<br>adjustments<br>provide some<br>individuals <b>or</b><br>groups of learners<br>with the support<br>needed to improve<br>their learning. | Candidate's<br>instructional<br>adjustments<br>provide individuals<br><b>and</b> groups of<br>learners with the<br>support needed to<br>improve their<br>learning.  |        |
| I2. Uses available technology to impact learning          | Candidate does not<br>use available<br>technology.  | Candidate uses<br>available technology<br>for purposes other<br>than learning (e.g.,<br>as a reward for work<br>completed, to fill<br>time). | Candidate and<br>learners use<br>available<br>technology that<br>aligns to the<br>curriculum and<br>appropriately<br>supports learning.                                | Candidate and<br>learners use<br>available<br>technology that is<br>linked to learning<br>needs and extends<br>learners'<br>understanding of<br>content, skills, or |        |

|     |   |   |   | OR   | strategies.  |
|-----|---|---|---|--|--|
| 13. | Engages   | Candidate does  | Candidate primarily   | Technology is not<br>available or<br>inappropriate in this<br>setting.<br>Candidate asks an  | Candidate asks an  |
|     | learners using<br>a range of<br>questions,<br>including higher<br>order questions                   | most of the talking<br>and the learners<br>provide few<br>responses.                  | asks low-level<br>questions.  | appropriate range<br>of questions,<br>including higher<br>order questions<br>that elicit and build<br>on learners'<br>responses.   | appropriate range<br>of questions,<br>including higher<br>order questions<br>that elicit and build<br>on learner<br>responses, <b>and</b><br>facilitates<br>interactions among<br>learners.  |
|     | Models<br>discipline-<br>specific<br>strategies that<br>support<br>learning                         | Candidate does not<br>model for learners<br>how to use<br>essential<br>strategies.    | Candidate models<br>the discipline's<br>strategies, but does<br>not provide, or<br>provides limited,<br>opportunities for<br>learners to practice<br>or apply strategies. | Candidate models<br>the discipline-<br>specific strategies,<br>explicitly teaches<br>learners how to<br>apply strategies,<br><b>and</b> provides<br>learners with<br>opportunities for<br>guided practice. | Candidate models<br>discipline-specific<br>strategies, explicitly<br>teaches learners<br>how and when to<br>apply the strategies<br>in meaningful<br>contexts, and<br>provides<br>opportunities for<br>guided practice.  |
| 15. | Makes content<br>explicit through<br>explanation,<br>modeling,<br>representations<br>, and examples | Candidate does not<br>make content<br>explicit using the<br>strategies<br>identified. | Candidate uses<br>explanation and<br>examples to attempt<br>to build learners'<br>understanding.  | Candidate uses<br>representations<br>and examples to<br>build learners'<br>understanding,<br>highlights core<br>ideas, and uses<br>modeling and<br>demonstrating.  | Candidate uses<br>representations<br>and examples to<br>build learners'<br>understanding and<br>remediate<br>misconceptions,<br>highlights core<br>ideas while<br>sidelining<br>potentially<br>distracting ones,<br>and makes their<br>thinking visible<br>during modeling<br>and demonstrating. |
|     | Engages<br>learners in<br>problem solving   | Candidate fails to<br>provide learners<br>with problem<br>solving<br>opportunities.   | Candidate provides<br>learners with a set of<br>activities with the<br>expectation that<br>learners arrive at the<br>candidate's<br>preconceived<br>solution.             | Candidate provides<br>learners with<br>opportunities to<br>discover multiple<br>solutions or use<br>multiple methods to<br>solve a problem.  | Candidate provides<br>learners with<br>opportunities to<br>identify a problem<br>and discover<br>solutions to a<br>problem.  |
| 17. | Provides clear<br>and accurate<br>explanations<br>and feedback                                      | Candidate's<br>explanations cause<br>learners' confusion<br><b>or</b> feedback is not | Candidate's<br>explanations are<br>somewhat confusing<br><b>or</b> feedback lacks   | Candidate's<br>explanations are<br>accurate and<br>feedback is   | Candidate's<br>explanations are<br>accurate and<br>feedback  |

|   |  | their<br>understanding.   | and extend their thinking.   |
|---|--|---|--|
| Candidate identifies<br>language demands<br>(language function,<br>vocabulary, syntax,<br>and grammar) that<br>are not consistent<br>with the selected<br>language function<br>(e.g., learning<br>outcome as in<br>analyze, interpret). | Candidate identifies<br>vocabulary as the<br>major language<br>demand associated<br>with the language<br>function and<br>provides supports<br>primarily addressing<br>definitions of<br>vocabulary.  | Candidate identifies<br>vocabulary and one<br>or more additional<br>language demands<br>(e.g., discourse,<br>syntax, function)<br>and models the<br>identified language<br>demands and<br>encourages<br>learners to use the<br>academic<br>language.  | Candidate identifies<br>vocabulary and one<br>or more additional<br>language demands<br>(e.g., discourse,<br>syntax, function)<br>and models the<br>identified language<br>demands that are<br>designed to meet<br>the needs of<br>learners with<br>different levels of<br>language learning.  |
| Candidate does not<br>provide<br>opportunities for<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning.   | Candidate requires<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning in one way.   | Candidate provides<br>learners with varied<br>choices of ways to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning.  | Candidate<br>encourages<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning through a<br>wide variety of<br>learner-selected<br>means.   |
| Candidate does not<br>pace learning<br>experiences in<br>ways that allow<br>learners to have<br>time to engage in<br>learning and<br>provides no time for<br>closure or learner<br>processing.  | Candidate paces<br>learning experiences<br>in ways that provide<br>learners with time to<br>engage in learning,<br>with a teacher-led<br>closure that is a<br>reiteration of what<br>was taught.   | Candidate paces<br>learning<br>experiences in<br>ways that provide<br>all learners with<br>ample time to<br>engage in learning,<br>time for closure,<br>and time for learner<br>processing.   | Candidate paces<br>learning<br>experiences in<br>ways that provide<br>all learners with<br>ample time to<br>engage in learning,<br>time for closure,<br>and time for learner<br>processing, <b>with</b><br>processing<br>differentiated by<br>learners' needs.   |
| MARY STATEMENT  | 1  |   |  |
|   | and grammar) that<br>are not consistent<br>with the selected<br>language function<br>(e.g., learning<br>outcome as in<br>analyze, interpret).<br>Candidate does not<br>provide<br>opportunities for<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning.<br>Candidate does not<br>pace learning<br>experiences in<br>ways that allow<br>learners to have<br>time to engage in<br>learning and<br>provides no time for<br>closure or learner<br>processing. | <ul> <li>and grammar) that<br/>are not consistent<br/>with the selected<br/>language function<br/>(e.g., learning<br/>outcome as in<br/>analyze, interpret).</li> <li>Candidate does not<br/>provide<br/>opportunities for<br/>learners to<br/>demonstrate their<br/>learning.</li> <li>Candidate does not<br/>provide<br/>opportunities for<br/>learners to<br/>demonstrate their<br/>learning in one way.</li> <li>Candidate does not<br/>pace learning<br/>experiences in<br/>ways that allow<br/>learners to have<br/>time to engage in<br/>learning and<br/>provides no time for<br/>closure or learner<br/>processing.</li> <li>Candidate paces<br/>learning,<br/>with a teacher-led<br/>closure that is a<br/>reiteration of what<br/>was taught.</li> </ul> | and grammar) that<br>are not consistent<br>with the selected<br>language function<br>(e.g., learning<br>outcome as in<br>analyze, interpret).with the language<br>function and<br>provides supports<br>primarily addressing<br>definitions of<br>vocabulary.(e.g., discourse,<br>syntax, function)<br>and models the<br>identified language<br>demands and<br>encourages<br>learners to use the<br>academic<br>language.Candidate does not<br>provide<br>opportunities for<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning.Candidate requires<br>learners to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning in one way.Candidate provides<br>learners with varied<br>choices of ways to<br>demonstrate their<br>learning.Candidate does not<br>pace learning<br>experiences in<br>ways that allow<br>learners to have<br>time to engage in<br>learning and<br>provides no time for<br>closure or learner<br>processing.Candidate paces<br>learning,<br>with a teacher-led<br>closure that is a<br>reiteration of what<br>was taught.Candidate paces<br>learning,<br>time for closure,<br>and time for learner<br>processing. |

## ASSESSMENT

| As an effective educator, the   | Not apparent<br>(Not ready for  | <b>Emerging</b><br>(Not yet ready for   | Proficient<br>(Ready for  | <b>Exemplary</b><br>(Proficient Plus)  | Rating |
|---|---|---|---|--|--------|
| teacher candidate:  | independent<br>practice)  | independent<br>practice)<br>2   | independent<br>practice)<br>3   | 4  |        |
| A1. Continuously<br>monitors<br>learners'<br>learning   | Candidate does not<br>monitor learners'<br>learning.  | Candidate<br>occasionally<br>monitors some<br>learners' learning.   | Candidate regularly<br>monitors most<br>learners' learning.   | Candidate regularly<br>monitors all<br>learners' learning.   |        |
| A2. Provides<br>accurate<br>feedback to<br>learners   | Candidate provides<br>no feedback <b>or</b><br>provides feedback<br>that is unrelated to<br>the learning<br>objectives,<br>inappropriate, or<br>contains significant<br>inaccuracies. | Candidate provides<br>general feedback or<br>provides feedback<br>that is somewhat<br>related to the<br>learning objectives<br>or contains some<br>inaccuracies.    | Candidate provides<br>feedback that is<br>specific, accurate,<br>and addresses<br>learners' strengths<br>and needs related<br>to the learning<br>objectives.              | Candidate provides<br>feedback that is<br>specific, accurate,<br>and addresses<br>learners' strengths<br>and needs related<br>to the learning<br>objectives <b>and</b> the<br>feedback helps the<br>learners evaluate<br>their own strengths<br>and needs. |        |
| A3. Uses a range of<br>appropriate<br>formative<br>assessments  | Candidate uses no formative assessments.  | Candidate uses<br>assessments that<br>are not appropriate<br>or are not aligned<br>with the objectives.   | Candidate uses<br>appropriate<br>formative<br>assessments that<br>are aligned with the<br>lesson objectives.  | Candidate uses<br>appropriate<br>formative<br>assessments that<br>are designed to<br>allow individuals or<br>groups of learners<br>with specific needs<br>to demonstrate<br>their learning.  |        |
| A4. Uses<br>appropriate<br>summative<br>assessments   | Candidate uses no<br>summative<br>assessments.  | Candidate uses<br>summative<br>assessments that<br>are not appropriate<br>or are not aligned<br>with the objectives.  | Candidate uses<br>summative<br>assessments that<br>are aligned with the<br>objectives.  | Candidate uses a<br>variety of<br>appropriate<br>summative<br>assessments,<br>aligned with the<br>objectives that<br>allow individuals or<br>groups of learners<br>with specific needs<br>to demonstrate<br>their learning.                                |        |
| A5. Examines<br>performance<br>data to<br>understand<br>each learner's<br>progress and<br>revise<br>instruction | Candidate's<br>analysis is<br>superficial <b>or</b> not<br>supported by<br>learners'<br>performance <b>or</b><br>does not result in<br>changes to<br>instruction.                     | Candidate's analysis<br>is narrowly focused<br>on what the learner<br>did right and wrong<br><b>or</b> does not result in<br>appropriate changes<br>to instruction. | Candidate's<br>analysis uses<br>specific examples<br>from learners'<br>performance to<br>demonstrate<br>patterns of learning<br>and makes<br>changes in<br>instruction to | Candidate's<br>analysis uses<br>specific evidence<br>from learners'<br>performance to<br>demonstrate<br>patterns of learning<br>and makes<br>changes in<br>instruction to  |        |

|                   | Candidate uses   | <b>A H H H</b>   |   |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| al,<br>of<br>ers' | multiple appropriate<br>methods to provide<br>ongoing,<br>systematic,<br>respectful, ethical,<br>and responsive<br>communication of<br>information<br>regarding learners'<br>progress to others.   | Candidate uses<br>appropriate<br>methods to<br>communicate<br>information<br>regarding learners'<br>progress to others<br>in respectful,<br>ethical, and<br>responsive ways. | Candidate uses<br>ineffective methods<br>to communicate<br>information<br>regarding learners'<br>progress to others in<br>respectful, ethical,<br>and responsive<br>ways. | Candidate does not<br>communicate<br>assessment<br>information<br>regarding the<br>learners' progress<br>to others or does<br>not communicate<br>assessment<br>information in<br>respectful or ethical<br>or responsive<br>ways. | Communicates<br>assessment<br>information<br>regarding<br>learners'<br>progress to<br>others in<br>respectful,<br>ethical, and<br>responsive<br>ways |
| nals<br>g         | Candidate<br>collaborates with<br>other professionals<br>to plan and<br>facilitate learning<br><b>and</b> creates<br>opportunities to<br>work with<br>professionals in<br>learning<br>communities. | Candidate<br>collaborates with<br>other professionals<br>to plan and<br>facilitate learning.   | Candidate works<br>with other<br>professionals, but<br>only during required<br>times (e.g., PLC,<br>PD, department<br>meetings).  | Candidate does not<br>work with other<br>professionals.  | 7. Works with<br>other<br>professionals to<br>plan and<br>facilitate<br>learning   |
| nal<br>g          | collaborates with<br>other professional<br>to plan and<br>facilitate learning<br><b>and</b> creates<br>opportunities to<br>work with<br>professionals in<br>learning                               | collaborates with<br>other professionals<br>to plan and  | with other<br>professionals, but<br>only during required<br>times (e.g., PLC,<br>PD, department   | work with other  | other<br>professionals to<br>plan and<br>facilitate<br>learning  |

Next Page – Professionalism

## PROFESSIONALISM

| As an effective educator, the teacher candidate:  | Rarely<br>1 | Sometimes,<br>but not<br>consistently<br>2 | Consistently<br>3 | No behaviors<br>related to this<br>indicator<br>observed<br>NA |
|---|-------------|--|-------------------|--|
| PR1.Demonstrates commitment to the belief that<br>all learners can achieve by persisting in<br>helping each learner reach his/her full<br>potential   |             |  |                   |  |
| PR2.Exhibits enthusiasm, initiative, and a positive attitude  |             |  |                   |  |
| PR3.Respects and considers the input and<br>contributions of families, colleagues, and<br>other professionals in understanding and<br>supporting each learner's development   |             |  |                   |  |
| PR4.Respects learners as individuals with<br>differing personal and family backgrounds,<br>and with varying skills, abilities, perspectives,<br>talents, and interests; he/she is committed to<br>using this information to plan effective<br>instruction |             |  |                   |  |
| PR5.Takes responsibility for his/her learners'<br>learning and uses ongoing analysis and<br>reflection using current research, education,<br>and policy to improve his/her planning and<br>practice   |             |  |                   |  |
| PR6.Reflects on constructive criticism and guidance, and appropriately modifies his/her behavior or practice  |             |  |                   |  |
| PR7.Demonstrates the ethical use of assessment<br>and assessment data to identify learners'<br>strengths and needs (e.g., shares learner<br>data appropriately)   |             |  |                   |  |
| PR8.Demonstrates professionalism by being on<br>time; representing him/herself appropriately<br>through dress, language and<br>communications, including social media; and<br>meeting deadlines.  |             |  |                   |  |

## **CLOSING STATEMENT**